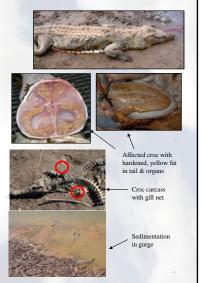


Crocodile deaths in the Olifants River

- 2008 minimum 200 crocodiles dead in the Olifants River. 2009 found 31 dead crocs.
- Disease called **pansteatitis** an inflammation of the body fats.
- Usually see yellow, hardened fat, in tail & around organs.
- Sick crocs are unable to swim and die of starvation and exposure.
- This disease also identified in the Sabie R.
- Sedimentation in both gorges increasing as result of downstream dams.
- Barbel (bottom feeding fish) also sick with similar symptoms.
- Possible build-up of pollutants which moves up through food chain.
- Many pollutants & heavy metals found in water & sediments.
- Research is continuing. Plan to screen barbel & crocs in all rivers.



Conservation status of ecosystems

Nel et al, 2004	Mainstem rivers	Terrestrial ecosystems
Critically endangered	44%	5%
Endangered	27%	13%
Vulnerable	11%	16%
Total threatened	82%	34%

What accounts for this difference?

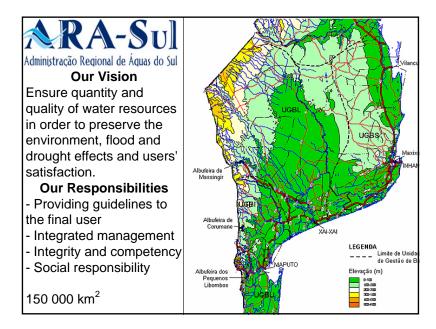
Rivers are linear systems

- Southern Africa is water scarce
 - Competing users
 - The concepts of 'yield' and 'base flow'.



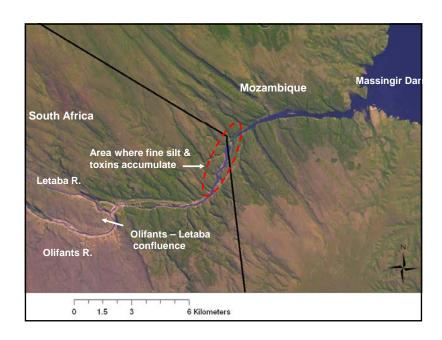
Governance (1)

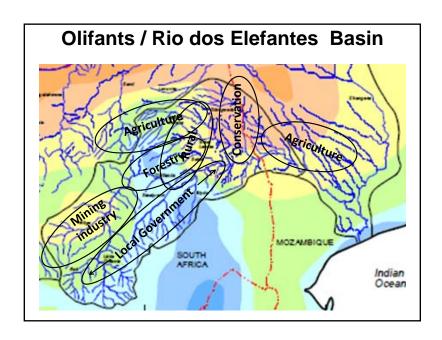
- Governance
 - SADC Protocol on Shared Watercourse Systems
 - Limcom (Limpopo Watercourse Commission)



Governance (2)

- Both SA and Mozambique based in IWRM principles
- Integrate policies (Roux et al)
 - National departments
 - In SA water, environment, agriculture, local government, mining
 - Internationally (Mozambique) differing sectoral priorities?
 - Development
 - Environmental water requirements
- What needs to be taken into account?

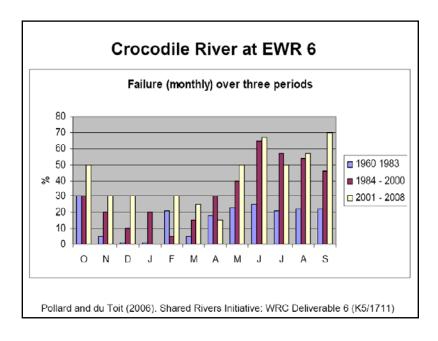




Freshwater problems the GLTFCA is experiencing

Continued deterioration of river systems

- Reduction in water quantity
 - Increased storage in Mozambique
- Increasing impact from dams
- Reduction in water quality
- Increased siltation of rivers
- Alien invasive spp plants & fish
- Decreasing access to safe potable water for rural communities



Water quality in the Olifants River, South Africa

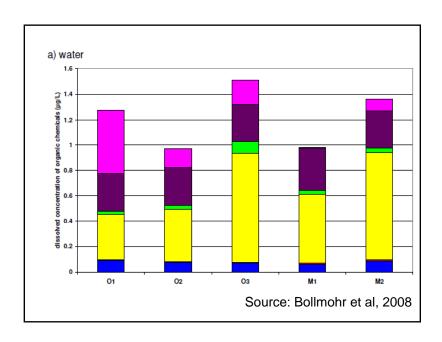
DWAF monitoring Programme

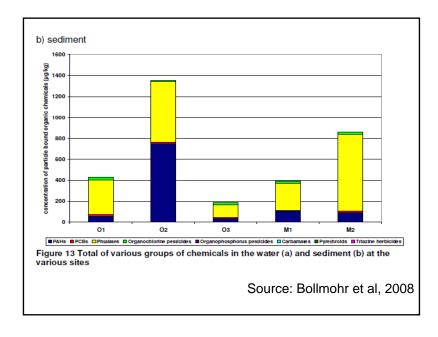
(from Heath and Coleman, in press)

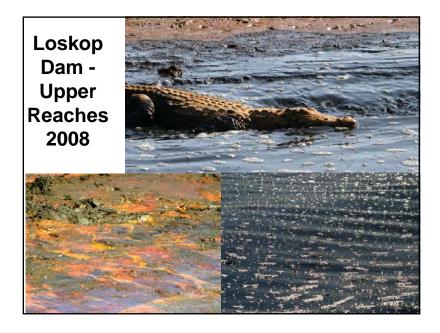
Pesticide study in the Groblersdal area

(Bollmohr et al, 2008)

• CSIR Programme







What is the way forward? (1)

- · Human and animal health
 - Charismatic animal
- How much is further analysis going to help?
- What action can be taken?

What is the way forward? (2)

- What tools are in place?
 - Institutions
 - Legislation (DWA [CMA; WUA]; DNA; DEA; etc)
 - Monitoring programmes
 - River Health Programme
 - Strategic Adaptive Management

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