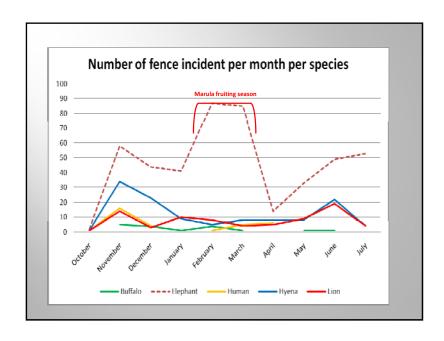
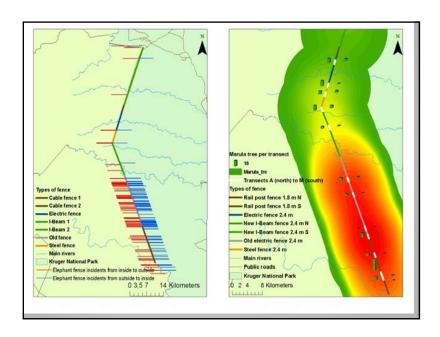


Number of fence incidents per type of fence (fence line of the study=91km; Nb of fence incidents of the study=727), corresponds to 8 fence incidents per km of fence over 10 months Fence Distance Type of fence incidents per incidents per (km) type of fence kilometer 1.8 m rail/cable post fence 18 2.4 m electric fence 2.4 m new I-Beam fence 38 119 3.1 2.4 m old fence 22 375 17,0 2.4 m steel fence NA NA 25 NA River fence NA NA All the fence line 91 734 8,0

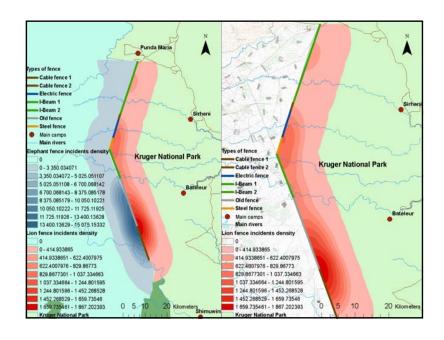












## FIRM MILESTONES WWF Project ZA1490 and USFWS Afe-0401 Year 1 Year 2

- 1. BTSS operationalised (Northern KNP Fence)
- 2. 40 workers trained-Materials produced
- 3. Pocket PC with Cyber Tracker deployed - New system- FISS
- 4. Data analysed
- 5. Fence permeability profiles produced - the first ever in Africa - corridors and hot spots identified
- 6. Database and FISS operational links created for State vet
- 7. Marula driver identified for elephants

## (Extensions)

- 1. Embed FISS in the North
- 2. Extend FISS to the South
- 3. Extend Cyber Tracker capture to Limpopo/Mpumalanga DCA units
- 4. Define elephant/Carnivores egress drivers-Telemetry (AfESG Year 2?)
- 5. Strategic Review of fencing in TFCAs- AHEAD

## Conclusions.....

Fence Interface Research and Monitoring

- □ FISS pinpoints areas and drivers of fence permeability
- prepares mitigatory strategies
- Lends precision for disease and HWC modelling purposes
- Move towards a greater understanding of fences

