

SOUTHERN AFRICAN CENTRE FOR INFECTIOUS DISEASE SURVEILLANCE

Risk Factors for Foot and Mouth Disease outbreaks in Zambia

Review Article

Y Sinkala^{1, 2}, M Simuunza², DU Pfeiffer³, C Kasanga⁴, M Mulumba⁵, JB Muma², A Mweene² ² University of Zambia, Lusaka, Zambia



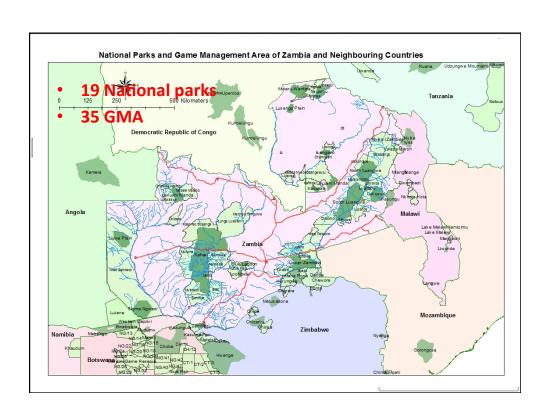
SOUTHERN AFRICAN CENTRE FOR INFECTIOUS DISEASE SURVEILLANCE

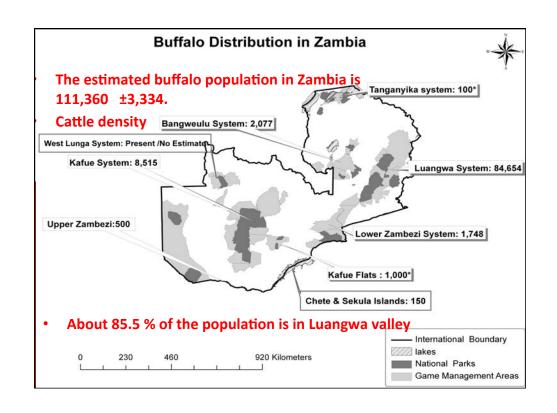
Outline

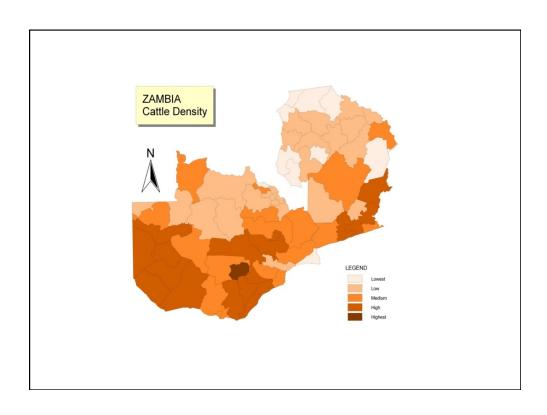
- Introduction
- Wildlife sanctuaries and distribution of buffaloes and cattle
- •Distribution of outbreaks 30 years
- Risk Factors
- Conclusion

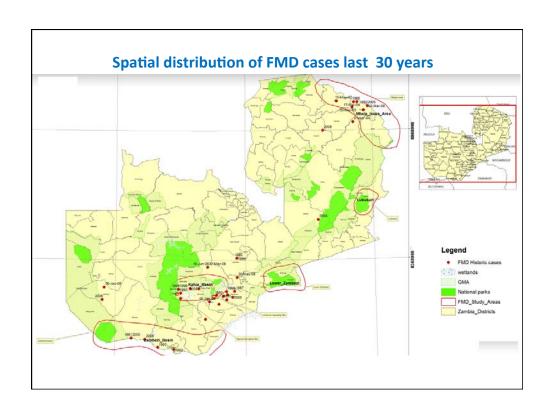
Introduction

- FMD is endemic in Zambia
- 1933 First identification
- 1948 First characterisation
- 1953 SAT 2 Kafue flats
- The disease has since been endemic
- Sporadic outbreaks in cattle
- What factors or combinations have triggered these outbreaks?









Date	District	Location	SAT1	SAT2	SATS	Serotype A	Serotype_O	Source
2008	Senanga	Senanga	0	SAT 2	0	0	0	Cattle
26/01/2008	Senanga	Senanga	0	SAT 2	0	0	0	Cattle
2008	Sesheke	Mwandi	0	SAT 2	0	0	0	Cattle
1993	Itezhi tezhi	Nanzhila_KNP	SATI	0	0	0	0	Buffalo
1993	Itezhi tezhi	Nanzhila KNP	0	SAT 2	SAT 3	0	0	Buffalo
1993	Itezhi tezhi	Nanzhila_KNP	0	SAT 2	SAT 3	0	0	Buffalo
1993	Itezhi tezhi	Nanzhila KNP	0	SAT 2	SAT 3	0	0	Buffalo
1996	Itezhi tezhi	Nanzhila KNP	SATI	0	0	0	0	Buffalo
1996	Itezhi tezhi	Nanzhila KNP	0	SAT 2	SAT 3	0	0	Buffalo
1996	Itezhi tezhi	Nanzhila KNP		SAT 2	SAT 3	0	0	Buffalo
1981	Itezhi tezhi	Basanga village	0	SAT 2	0	0	0	Cattle
2005	Mazabuka	Mazabuka	SATI	0	0	0	0	Cattle
21/12/2004	Mazabuka	Chisoba farm	Unknown	0	0	ŏ	0	Cattle
21/01/2005	Mazabuka	Nega-nega	Unknown	0	0	0	0	Cattle
06/09/2004	Chibombo	Chibombo	SATI	0	0	0	0	Cattle
17/07/2005	Chibombo	Chibombo	Unkown	0	0	0	0	Cattle
20/09/2010								Cattle
	Mbala	Kaka	0	0	0	0	0	
11/05/2009	Mbala	Chozi	0	SAT 2	0	0	0	Cattle
	Chinsali	Kalela	0	0	0	0	0	Cattle
25/11/2010	Nakonde	Ntatumbila	0	0	0	0	0	Cattle
1982	Choma	Choma	0	SAT 2	0	0	0	Cattle
15/06/2006	Namwala	HH	Unkown	0	0	0	0	Cattle
18/07/2005	Itezhitezhi	Itezhitezhi	Unkown	0	0	0	0	Cattle
05/01/2006	Itezhitezhi	Itezhitezhi	Unkown	0	0	0	0	buffalo
1981	Monze	Kambwa village	0	SAT 2	0	0	0	Buffalo
19/11/2008	Kasama	Kasama	Unkown	0	0	0	0	Cattle
22/07/2004	Namwala	Katengwa	0	SAT 2	0	0	0	Cattle
2007	Kazungula	Kazungula	0	SAT 2	0	0	0	Cattle
1992	Livingstone	Livingstone	SAT 1	0	0	0	0	Cattle
1996	Monze	Lochinvar NP	SATI	0	0	0	0	Buffalo
2000	Serenje	Luswasi	SATI	0	0	0	0	Cattle
1987	Mazabuka	Magoye	SAT 1	0	0	0	0	Cattle
1995	Itezhi tezhi	Mambova	0	0	SAT 3	0	0	
1982	Mazabuka	Mazabuka	0	SAT 2	0	0	0	Cattle
2004	Mazabuka	Mazabuka	SATI	0	0	0	0	Cattle
2008	Mazabuka	Mazabuka	SAT 1	0	0	0	0	Cattle
15/05/2002	Mbala	Mbala	Unknown	0	0	0	0	Cattle
05/03/2003	Mbala	Mbala	Unknown	0	0	0	0	Cattle
21/04/2004	Mbala	Mbala	SAT 1	0	SAT 3	0	0	Cattle
30/05/2008	Mbala	Mbala	Unkown	0	0	0	0	Cattle
1988	Monze	Mininga	SAT 1	0	0	0	0	Cattle
25/01/2008	Mongu	Mongu	0	SAT 2	0	0	0	Cattle
1982	Monze	Monze	0	SAT 2	0	0	0	Cattle
2004	Monze	Monze	SATI	0	0	0	0	Cattle
27/04/2008	Monze	Monze	SAT 1	0	0	0	0	Cattle
30/03/2009	Monze	Monze	Unkown	0	0	0	0	Cattle
1996	Itezhi tezhi		Onkown	SAT 2	SAT 3	0	0	
1996		Mulanga_KNP	_					Buffalo
	Itezhi tezhi	Mulanga_KNP	0	SAT 2	SAT 3	0	0	Buffalo
30/05/2008	Mumbwa	Mumbwa	Unkown	0	0	0	0	Cattle
2005	Mungwi	Mungwi	Unkown	0	0	0	0	Cattle
7/03/2004	Nakonde	Mwenzo	Unknown	0	0	0	0	Cattle
03/03/2008	Nakonde	Nakonde	SAT 1	0	0	0	0	Cattle
20/10/2000	Namwala	Namwala	SAT1	SAT 2	SAT 3	0	0	Buffalo
03/07/2008	Namwala	Namwala	SAT 1	0	0	0	0	Cattle
2004	Namwala	Namwala	SATI	0	0	0	0	Cattle
30/05/2008	Lusaka	Ndilila	Unkown	0	0	0	0	Cattle

Risk Factors for Occurrence

Stress related

- Drought increase contact livestock/wildlife
- Floods increase contact livestock/wildlife
- Outbreaks of other diseases may lower immunity
- Changes within buffalo immune system that cause increased shedding of viruses
- Movement of infected cattle

Factors for Spread

- Cattle density
- Unrestricted cattle movement Pastoral, Lobola, Stock theft
- Trade & livestock markets
- Transhumance, communal grazing
- Movement ban
- Poaching



Factors for Maintenance

- Buffalo distribution reservoir/carrier
- SAT types distribution & mutation –
 inadequate genomic analysis relatedness to
 outbreak viruses
- Inadequate control in cattle vaccination, movement control
- Poor immune response in vaccinated animals as a result of cytokines mRNA responses in previously exposed animals

Factors for Maintenance

- Subclinical infection of vaccinated animals following challenge
- Infected animals mount different defenses following infection - differences in virus clearance
- Transhumance & pastoral systems
- Cattle density
- Traditional practices Mafisa

Viral Factors

 presence of different serotypes and nature of the FMDV - variability in the capsid structural

proteins especially VP1-

virus attachment, protective immunity and serotype specificit

- TFCA Uncontrolled movement of buffalo
- Virus mutation and comingling of topotypes

Viral Factors

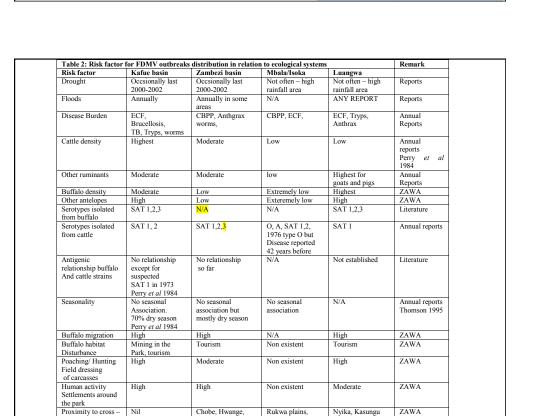
presence of different serotypes and nature of the FMDV - variability in the capsid structural

proteins especially VP1-

virus attachment, protective immunity and serotype specificit

 TFCA - Uncontrolled movement of buffalo

Virus mutation and comingling of topotypes



Conclusion

- Several factors are attributed to FMDV endemicity in Zambia
- Risk factors vary for different eco-systems
- Proximity of cattle production areas to wildlife sanctuaries; cattle husbandly practices and presence of stress factors seem to the major contributors.
- More detailed risk factor analysis centered on the biology of the disease and statistical significance is recommended. Further due to gaps in FMD V transmission knowledge modelling is recommended with testable assumptions.

